TEXAS A&M UNIVERSITY®

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Introduction

With cloud computing offering many benefits, such as flexibility, scalability, and cost-effectiveness, it has emerged as a capable HPC platform for many applications. This poster aims to address the following questions:

• How will our MPI-based Graph algorithms perform in the AWS HPC environment?

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• Will our latency hiding techniques in YGM [3] overcome the increased latency of AWS's EFA network?

We have designed a set of benchmarks based on realistic analysis situations of opensource Reddit data consisting of over 14-billion comments. The irregular scale-free topology of this real data causes irregular communication patterns and provide a unique set of benchmarks.

- The Reddit graph is constructed from 14.3 billion comments made on the social network from 2005 to 2022 [4].
- Bipartite weighted graph between author and page is built using a counter for the weight.
- The graph contains **1 billion nodes** and **8.2 billion** edges.
- The two charts below show vertex degree and comment length distributions, respectively.



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HPC vs. The Cloud: A Graph Lawrence Livermore aWS National Laboratory Based Benchmarking

- third-generation AMD EPYC[™] cores along with 384GB of DRAM.
- Both systems have 100 Gbps networks (OmniPath vs EFA).
- Benchmarks are written in C++ using YGM [3] an asynchronous communication library which is designed to handle irregular communication amongst processes.
- The algorithms were run on a bipartite reddit graph consisting of users and posts [4].



systems lustre{1,2,3} and AWS S3 Bucket storage performed by ingesting 14.3 billion JSON records, a total of 15TiB.



Jaccard Similarity (Truncated): Calculates a similarity score between every pair of connected nodes. Did not include nodes with degree > 10,000. Outputs a matrix with 237.3 billion non-zero entries.

Methods

• The comparison was conducted between LLNL's Ruby, a traditional HPC, and Amazon EC2 Hpc6a instances. Each compute node on Ruby has dual Intel Xeon CLX-8276L processors totaling 56 cores along with 192GB of DRAM per node. Each EC2 Hpc6a instance has 96



determining the number of random walks of length K that pass through a node [2]. In this experiment, K = 10and 500 million random walks were taken.



implementation which finds the number of connected components comprising the reddit graph. Requires 45 barriers (BSP steps) for the Reddit graph.



s-core **Decomposition**: A generalization of the *k*-core decomposition which can be applied to weighted graphs [1]. Requires 5013 barriers (BSP steps).